Prof. Dr. Alfred Toth

Ordnungstheoretische Variationen bei Thematisierungen

1. Bei den in Toth (2026a-d) behandelten Abbildungen binärer auf ternäre triadische Relationen gibt es weitere strukturelle Möglichkeiten für Thematisationen: Der ontische Ort, auf den semiotische Werte abgebildet werden können, besitzt in ternären Triaden einen gewissen Spielraum, sei es für lokale Variation eines thematiserenden oder thematisierten semiotischen Wertes, sei es für parasitäre Werte oder sei es, wie im folgenden gezeigt wird, für ordnungstheoretische Variationen.

2. Ordnungstheoretische Variationen bei Thematisierungen

1. Strukturtyp

R = (a/b, b/a, □) ← ((c/d, d/c, □), (e/f, f/e, □))

R = (a/b, b/a, □) ← ((c/d, d/c, □), (e/f, □, f/e))

R = (a/b, b/a, □) ← ((c/d, d/c □), (□, e/f, f/e))

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R = (a/b, □, b/a) ← ((c/d, d/c, □), (□, e/f, f/e))

R = (a/b, □, b/a) ← ((c/d, □, d/c), (e/f, f/e, □))

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R = (a/b, □, b/a) ← ((c/d, □, d/c), (□, e/f, f/e))

R = (a/b, □, b/a) ← ((□, c/d, d/c), (e/f, f/e, □))

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R = (□, a/b, b/a) ← ((c/d, d/c, □), (e/f, f/e, □))

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R = (□, a/b, b/a) ← ((c/d, d/c, □), (□, e/f, f/e))

R = (□, a/b, b/a) ← ((c/d, □, d/c), (e/f, f/e, □))

R = (□, a/b, b/a) ← ((c/d, □, d/c), (e/f, □, f/e))

R = (□, a/b, b/a) ← ((c/d, □, d/c), (□, e/f, v))

R = (□, a/b, b/a) ← ((□, c/d, d/c), (e/f, f/e, □))

R = (□, a/b, b/a) ← ((□, c/d, d/c), (e/f, □, f/e))

R = (□, a/b, b/a) ← ((□, c/d, d/c), (□, e/f, f/e))

2. Strukturtyp

R = (a/b, b/a, □) → (c/d, d/c, □) ← (e/f, f/e, □))

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R = (a/b, b/a, □) → (c/d, d/c, □) ← (□, e/f, f/e))

R = (a/b, b/a, □) → (c/d, □, d/c) ← (e/f, f/e, □))

R = (a/b, b/a, □) → (c/d, □, d/c) ← (e/f, □, f/e))

R = (a/b, b/a, □) → (c/d, □, d/c) ← (□, e/f, f/e))

R = (a/b, b/a, □) → (□, c/d, d/c) ← (e/f, f/e, □))

R = (a/b, b/a, □) → (□, c/d, d/c) ← (e/f, □, f/e))

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R = (a/b, □, b/a) → (c/d, d/c, □) ← (e/f, □, f/e))

R = (a/b, □, b/a) → (c/d, d/c, □) ← (□, e/f, f/e))

R = (a/b, □, b/a) → (c/d, □, d/c) ← (e/f, f/e, □))

R = (a/b, □, b/a) → (c/d, □, d/c) ← (e/f, □, f/e))

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R = (□, a/b, b/a) → (□, c/d, d/c) ← (e/f, f/e, □))

R = (□, a/b, b/a) → (□, c/d, d/c) ← (e/f, □, f/e))

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3. Strukturtyp

R = (a/b, b/a, □) → (c/d, d/c, □)) → (e/f, f/e, □)

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R = (a/b, b/a, □) → (c/d, d/c, □)) → (□, e/f, f/e)

R = (a/b, b/a, □) → (c/d, □, d/c)) → (e/f, f/e, □)

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R = ($\square$, a/b, b/a) → (c/d, $\square$, d/c)) → (e/f, f/e, $\square$)

R = ($\square$, a/b, b/a) → (c/d, $\square$, d/c)) → (e/f, $\square$, f/e)

R = ($\square$, a/b, b/a) → (c/d, $\square$, d/c)) → ($\square$, e/f, f/e)

R = ($\square$, a/b, b/a) → ($\square$, c/d, d/c)) → (e/f, f/e, $\square$)

R = ($\square$, a/b, b/a) → ($\square$, c/d, d/c)) → (e/f, $\square$, f/e)

R = ($\square$, a/b, b/a) → ($\square$, c/d, d/c)) → ($\square$, e/f, f/e)

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